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ENGINEERING REPORT

**Plainsboro Plaza - Chase Bank Stand-alone Pad
Block 1602, Lots 5 and 7
Block 1508, Lot 7
Plainsboro Township
Middlesex County, New Jersey**

Prepared For:
**Plainsboro Plaza Owner LLC
c/o Onyx Equities, LLC
1 Gateway Center, Suite #2400
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I. INTRODUCTION

Plainsboro Plaza Owner, LLC (Onyx) is proposing the construction of a 3,478 square foot standalone building pad (Chase Bank) with a drive-up ATM lane within a portion of the existing parking lot in Plainsboro Plaza behind the CVS building. In addition to the building pad, the site improvements include modifications to the surrounding parking lot, drive circulation, addition of walks, and landscape islands. The project improvements are situated on Block 1602, Lot 5, in the Township of Plainsboro, County of Middlesex, New Jersey. The site is bounded by the CVS Building to the east, the shops at Plainsboro Plaza to the north and west, and the PNC building to the south.

The construction of this Project will yield a net decrease of approximately 0.07 acre in impervious area. Currently, the site's stormwater management is mitigated by an existing wet pond located between the existing shopping center and Scudders Mill Road. The wet pond was designed to provide both peak rate reductions of stormwater runoff as well as providing water quality treatment. Under proposed site conditions, there will be a reduction in impervious surfacer along with an increase in landscape areas. The improvements will increase the time of concentration as well as reduce the runoff directed to the wet pond.

II. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

A. LAND USE/LAND COVER ANALYSIS

This section of the report demonstrates the ability of the Project's stormwater management system to mitigate the increase in runoff anticipated from both phases of the proposed development. Compliance with design assumptions will be verified upon build-out of the site.

EXISTING PROJECT SITE DESCRIPTION AND METHODOLOGY

As previously discussed, stormwater management for the site under existing conditions is provided within an existing wet pond. The basin was originally designed and approved in the report entitled, "Storm Drainage, Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, and Stormwater Detention Calculations," for Plainsboro Center for the Wiltshier Group," prepared by Van Note-Harvey Associates, P.C. (VNHA), dated April 10, 1985, revised August 26, 2007. Supplemental reports were later prepared by VNHA at the time of additional site improvements, entitled "Engineering Report for Plainsboro Plaza Shopping Center," dated March 1, 2000, last revised October 4, 2000, "Detention Basin Water Quality Analysis for Plainsboro Plaza Shopping Center," dated October 5, 2000, last revised November 15, 2000, and "Engineering Report Plainsboro Plaza prepared for AO Plainsboro LLC", dated October 22, 2013, last revised June 4, 2014..

According to the "Soil Survey Geographic Database" (SSURGO) for Middlesex County, New Jersey, the project site soils consists of Sassafras sandy loam, 2 to 5% slopes (classified as Hydrologic Soil Group [HSG] Type B Soil), Sassafras loam, 0 to 2% slopes (HSG Type B soil), Sassafras loam, 2 to 5% slopes (HSG Type B Soil), Woodstown sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (HSG Type C soil), and Woodstown loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (HSG Type C soil).

PROPOSED PROJECT SITE DESCRIPTION AND METHODOLOGY

The proposed Project improvements include a new 3,437 square foot Chase Bank with an ATM drive-up lane, removal of existing parking areas, dumpster enclosure, walks, and modified parking and circulation areas. The proposed site improvements will result in a disturbance area of 0.95 acres with a decrease in impervious of 3,139 square feet. Table 1 below provides a summary of the current and proposed site impervious coverage.

Table 1: Impervious Site Coverage		
	Square Feet	Acres
Existing Site Impervious Area	42,625	0.98
Proposed Site Impervious Area	39,486	0.91
Net Decrease in Impervious Area	3,139	0.07

B. STORMWATER QUANTITY

The hydrologic characteristics for the design of the stormwater management system are based upon the 2-, 10-, and 100-year frequency storm events. The calculations have been developed in conformance with the requirements of the Township of Plainsboro, Middlesex County, Delaware and Raritan Canal Commission (DRCC), and the NJDEP State Stormwater Management Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:8).

The requirements for peak rate reduction take effect if a development disturbs 1 acre or more or has a net increase in impervious surface of 0.25 acres or more. As stated above the project has a net decrease in impervious surface. As the site has had previous improvements occur at the site since 1980 (DRCC) and 2009 (NJDEP), stormwater quantity needs to be addressed.

The project proposes a net reduction in the impervious surface by 0.07 acres. As the project is located over an existing paved parking lot, the impervious surface reduction is related to the removal of vehicular pavement. As the project proposes a decrease in impervious coverage, there is an increase in landscape area, the time of concentration will increase slightly. The post-construction runoff hydrographs do not exceed the pre-construction runoff hydrographs for the same storm events. Therefore, the water quantity standards have been met. Refer the Appendix C for unit hydrographs and routings

C. STORMWATER QUALITY

The runoff quality standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5 and the Township's stormwater ordinance apply if there is a net increase in impervious surface of 0.25 acres or more. As indicated in section II-A, above, the proposed project will yield a net decrease in impervious surface; however, the runoff quality standards do apply for the project as improvements have occurred at the site since 1980 and reconstructed vehicular pavement areas are proposed.

Based on the parking lot reconstruction project at the Plainsboro Plaza site in 2014, the "Engineering Report Plainsboro Plaza prepared for AO Plainsboro LLC", dated October 22, 2013, last revised June 4, 2014, it was determined the existing wet pond provides a TSS removal of 82.5%.

The existing area around the project consists of 0.98 acres of vehicular pavement and 0.17 acres of landscape areas. With the proposed project, the vehicular pavement will be reduced to 0.76 acres, the landscape area increased to 0.24 acres. The remaining area will consist of 0.15 acres of building and sidewalks. With a vehicular pavement area reduction of 22%, an increase in the landscape area and time of concentration, a reduction in the flows, and the existing wet pond providing a TSS removal of 82.5%, the water quality standards have been met.

D. GROUNDWATER RECHARGE

The groundwater recharge standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5 applies for any project that disturbs at least one acre of land or increases impervious surface by 0.25 acres. As previously indicated above, the site will yield a net decrease in impervious surface; however, the runoff quality standards do apply for the project as improvements have occurred at the site since 1980.

In accordance with NJDEP Stormwater Management Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:8) and the Best Management Practices Manual, compliance with this groundwater recharge requirement must be verified through a hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of the site in its existing and proposed condition. Compliance is

determined utilizing the New Jersey Groundwater Recharge Spreadsheet (NJGSR-32). Inputting the existing and proposed conditions into NJGSR-32 spreadsheet shows that the project meets the recharge requirements by reducing the impervious surface; therefore, the project complies with the recharge requirement.

Refer to the Appendix D for a copy of the NJGSR-32 spreadsheet computations.

E. NON-STRUCTURAL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

In accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(a) and the Township's stormwater ordinance 85-28.1D (5b), the design of any development that disturbs at least one acre of land or increases impervious surface by 0.25 acres must incorporate non-structural stormwater management strategies. Even though this project proposes a net decrease in impervious area, non-structural stormwater management strategies are required to meet the DRCC requirements.

To accomplish a better site design and further mitigate the impacts of stormwater runoff, provisions have been made in the Project's design to incorporate a combination of non-structural, LIDs. These LIDs are listed as follows:

- Reduction in vehicular impervious surface;
- Replace vehicular pavement with landscape areas;
- Low-maintenance landscaping, where practical;

To assist in determining that the non-structural stormwater management strategies have been incorporated into the site design "to the maximum extent practical," the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection has developed the New Jersey Non-structural Stormwater Management Strategies Point System (NSPS) spreadsheet. The NSPS is a tool that quantifies the level of non-structural strategies utilized in the design of a site. Refer to Appendix E for a copy of the NSPS, demonstrating that sufficient use of non-structural strategies has been incorporated into the design of this site.

F. SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

All soil erosion and sediment control measures are shown graphically on the associated project site plans, including tree protection, inlet protection, and the project site limit of disturbance. All soil erosion control measures will be implemented in accordance with the current Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control of New Jersey.

G. PROJECT SITE SOIL TYPES

1. SacB Sassafras sandy loam, 2 to 5% slopes; Type B Soil.
2. SafA, Sassafras loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Type B Soil.
3. SafB, Sassafras loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, Type B Soil.
4. WoeA, Woodstown sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Type C Soil.
5. WogA, Woodstown loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Type C soil
6. HumAt, Humaquepts, 0 to 3 percent slopes, Type A/D soil

III. REVIEW AGENCIES

1. Plainsboro Township Planning Board, Preliminary/Final Site Plan approval.
2. Middlesex County Planning Board, Site Plan approval.
3. Delaware and Raritan Canal Commission, certificate of approval.
4. Freehold Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, SESC Plan Certification.

IV. UTILITY SERVICES

Electric, gas, sanitary sewer, CATV, telephone, and water mains are available within the Plainsboro Plaza site, Schalks Crossing Road, and Plainsboro Road. The utility purveyors are indicated below:

- Electric and Gas: Public Service Electric and Gas Company (PSE&G)
- Water: New Jersey American Water (NJAW)
- Sanitary Sewer: VEOLOA Water Princeton Meadows WWTP
- CATV: Comcast
- Telephone: Verizon Communications

Electric and Gas

The proposed building will require new electric and gas services. Existing mains for both gas and electric are found within the right-of-way of Schalks Crossing Road.

CATV/Telephone

CATV/Telephone service will be provided to the new building from existing communication systems within the right-of-way of Schalks Crossing Road.

Water Demand

NJAW has a distribution system within the Plainsboro Plaza development (8"), Schalks Crossing Road (8"), as well as Plainsboro Road (8"). Based on a pre-application meeting with NJAW, a 6-inch water main extension is proposed to tap off the existing water main located within the Plainsboro Plaza development. The main will extend within the outer Plainsboro Plaza site circulation drive in close proximity to the proposed building with a 1 1/4" domestic and 4" fire services coming from the new main. Table 1 of NJAC 7:10-12.6 does not list banks as a specific type of establishment. The closest type of establishment would be a "Store, office building" with a demand of 0.125 gallons per square foot of building. Utilizing this rate, the domestic water demand for the proposed bank is 435 GPD (3,478sf x 0.0125gal/sf).

As the increase in domestic demand for the new Chase Bank will be less than 6,000 GPD, a Bureau of Safe Drinking Water permit will not be required.

Sanitary Sewer Demand

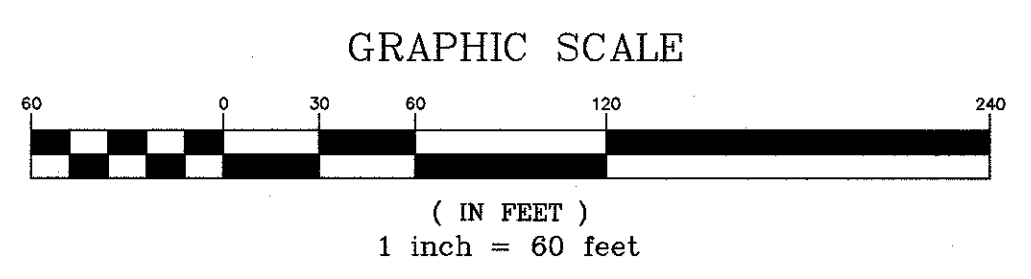
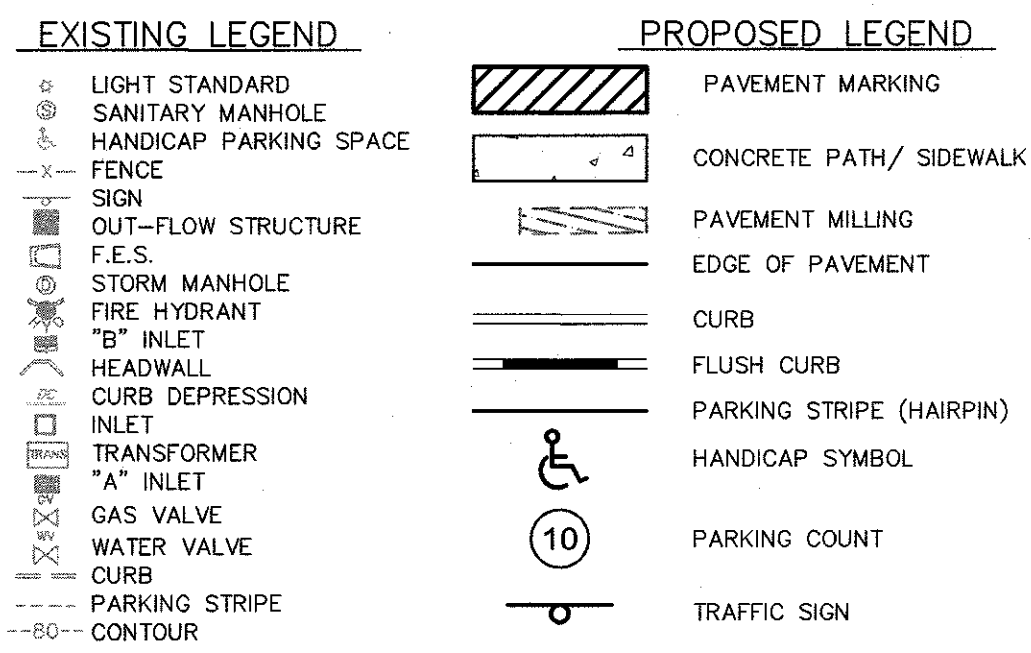
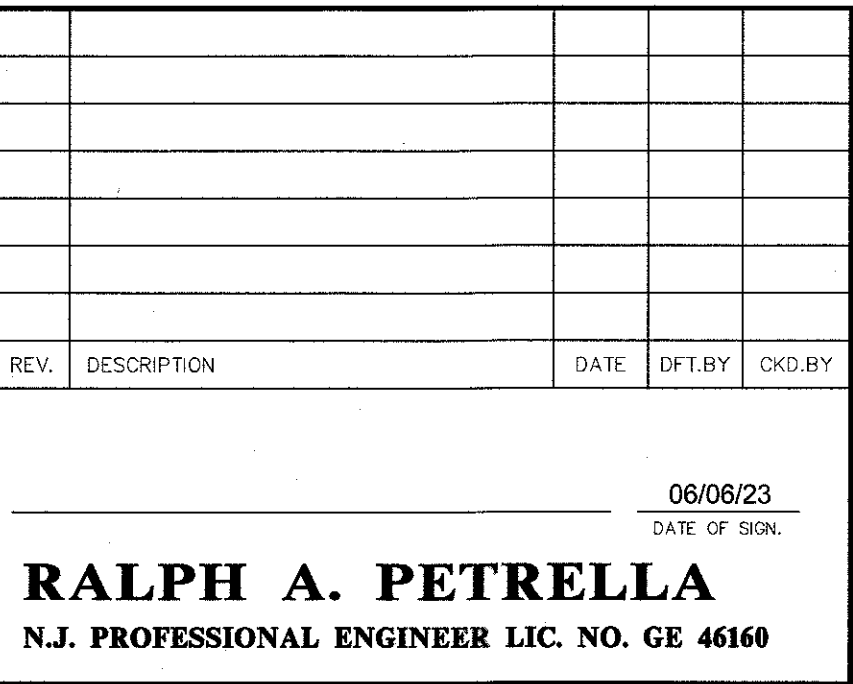
An existing sanitary sewer collection system within the Plainsboro Plaza development is located at the along the rear service drive. Based on a preliminary review with Veolia, the sanitary sewer lateral for the bank will tie into the lateral from the CVS building located near the Schalks Crossing Road R.O.W. Due to elevation restrictions, the flow from the bank will require the installation of a lift station, which will utilize a 2" force main to direct the flow to the existing CVS lateral. NJAC 14.A-23.2, does not list banks as a specific type of establishment. The closest type of establishment would be a "Stores and shopping centers" with a demand of 0.100 gallons per square foot of building. Utilizing this rate, the domestic water demand for the proposed bank is 438 GPD (3,478sf x 0.0100gal/sf).

As the increase in sanitary sewer demand for the new Chase Bank will be less than 8,000 GPD, a NJDEP Treatment Works permit will not be required.

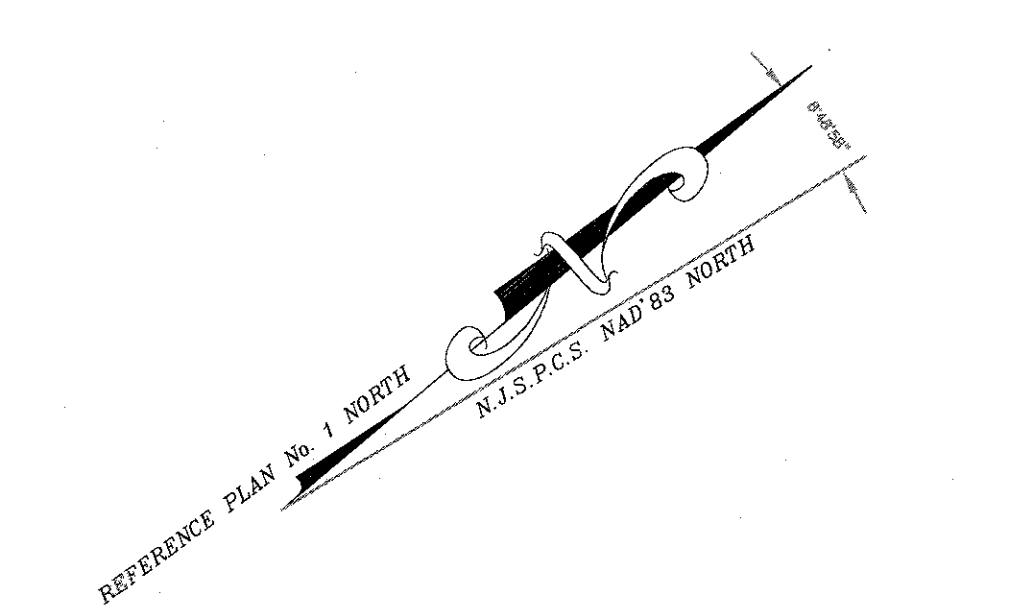
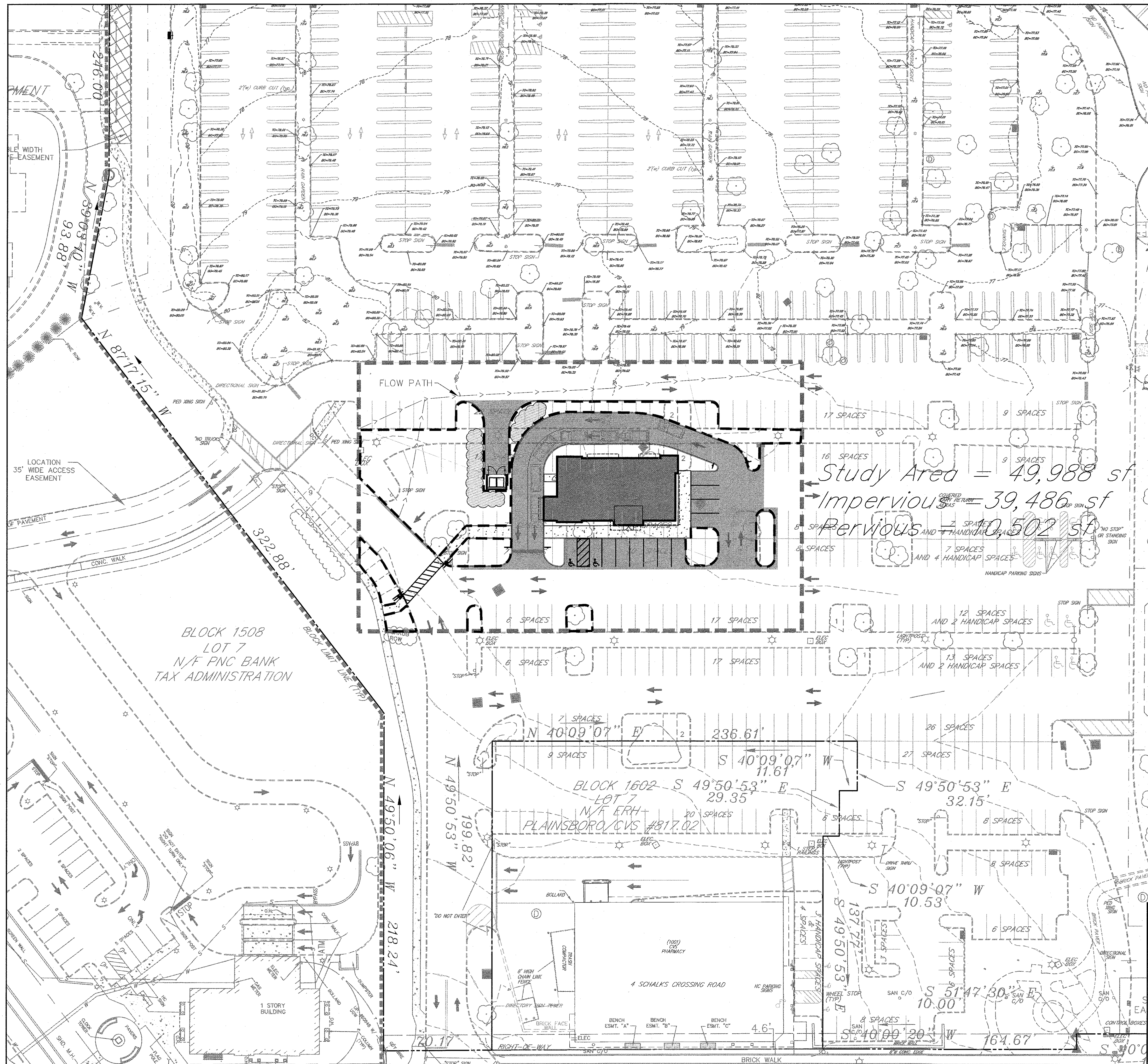
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5. Ferguson, Bruce K., 2005. Porous Pavements. Boca Raton, Florida.

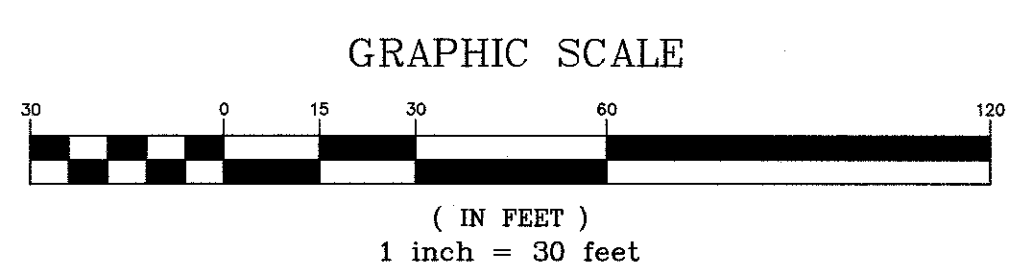
APPENDIX A
IMPERVIOUS/DRAINAGE AREA MAPS



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Certificate of Authorization No. 2462A28271300		- Since 1984 -
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS PAD – STANDALONE BUILDING PAD–CHASE BANK OF PLAINSBO RO PLAZA CENTER UPGRADES PREPARED FOR PLAINSBO RO PLAZA OWNER, LLC SITUATED IN		
PLAINSBO RO TOWNSHIP SCALE "1" = 60'		MIDDLESEX CO., N.J. FEBRUARY 14, 2023
DRAWN BY WDV DATE	FIELD BK PAGE	ORDER NO. 43986-400-21 FILE No.
CHECKED BY RAP DATE	EX-IMP	



EXISTING LEGEND	PROPOSED LEGEND
○ LIGHT STANDARD	▨ PAVEMENT MARKING
○ SANITARY MANHOLE	▨ CONCRETE PATH/ SIDEWALK
▨ HANDICAP PARKING SPACE	▨ PAVEMENT MILLING
▨ FENCE	▨ EDGE OF PAVEMENT
▨ SIGN	▨ CURB
▨ OUT-FLOW STRUCTURE	▨ FLUSH CURB
▨ F.E.S.	▨ PARKING STRIPE (HAIRPIN)
▨ STORM MANHOLE	▨ HANDICAP SYMBOL
▨ FIRE HYDRANT	▨ PARKING COUNT
▨ "B" INLET	▨ TRAFFIC SIGN
▨ HEADWALL	
▨ CURB DEPRESSION	
▨ INLET	
▨ TRANSFORMER	
▨ "A" INLET	
▨ GAS VALVE	
▨ WATER VALVE	
▨ CURB	
▨ PARKING STRIPE	
▨ -80'- CONTOUR	



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CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT - STANDALONE BUILDING PAD-CHASE BANK WITH DRIVE THRU LANES OF PLAINSBORO PLAZA CENTER UPGRADES PREPARED FOR PLAINSBORO PLAZA OWNER, LLC SITUATED IN PLAINSBORO TOWNSHIP MIDDLESEX CO., N.J. SCALE 1"= 30' FEBRUARY 14, 2023			
RALPH A. PETRELLA N.J. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LIC. NO. GE 46160		02/14/23 DATE OF SIGN.	
2. REVISED PER COMMENTS 1. REVISED PER TOWNSHIP COMMENTS REV. DESCRIPTION	4/11/23 3/24/23 DATE	WDV WDV DFT.BY	RAP RAP CKD.BY
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APPENDIX B
WEB SOIL SURVEY REPORT



United States
Department of
Agriculture

NRCS

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

A product of the National
Cooperative Soil Survey,
a joint effort of the United
States Department of
Agriculture and other
Federal agencies, State
agencies including the
Agricultural Experiment
Stations, and local
participants

P23-04 PB Submission 01/05/24

Custom Soil Resource Report for Middlesex County, New Jersey



June 30, 2023

Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (<http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/>) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (<https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs>) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
HumAt	Humaquepts, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	0.0	0.1%
SacB	Sassafras sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain	10.6	30.9%
SafA	Sassafras loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	12.6	36.5%
SafB	Sassafras loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	1.4	4.2%
WoeA	Woodstown sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain	4.0	11.7%
WogA	Woodstown loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain	5.8	16.8%
Totals for Area of Interest		34.4	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit

descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Middlesex County, New Jersey

HumAt—Humaquepts, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1hv19
Elevation: 0 to 300 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F
Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Humaquepts, frequently flooded, and similar soils: 85 percent
Minor components: 15 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Humaquepts, Frequently Flooded

Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Typical profile

A - 0 to 18 inches: loam
C - 18 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Runoff class: Negligible
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
 (0.20 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches
Frequency of flooding: FrequentNone
Frequency of ponding: Frequent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w
Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Manahawkin, frequently flooded

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Mullica, occasionally flooded

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Flood plains, depressions, drainageways
Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Atsion

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: Yes

SacB—Sassafras sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain**Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2thxd
Elevation: 0 to 470 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 49 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 53 to 58 degrees F
Frost-free period: 190 to 250 days
Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Sassafras and similar soils: 80 percent
Minor components: 20 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Sassafras**Setting**

Landform: Flats, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: sandy loam
Bt1 - 12 to 18 inches: sandy loam
Bt2 - 18 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam
BC - 28 to 40 inches: loamy sand
C1 - 40 to 58 inches: sand
C2 - 58 to 80 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Fallsington, drained**

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flats, depressions, swales

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf, dip

Down-slope shape: Linear, concave

Across-slope shape: Linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Woodstown

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Depressions, flats, fluviomarine terraces, broad interstream divides

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip, talf

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear

Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Downer

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flats, knolls, fluviomarine terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluvial, riser, rise

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Ingleside

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flats

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Aura

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Low hills, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, riser
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

SafA—Sassafras loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2thxp
Elevation: 0 to 470 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 49 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 53 to 58 degrees F
Frost-free period: 190 to 250 days
Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Sassafras and similar soils: 80 percent
Minor components: 20 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Sassafras

Setting

Landform: Flats, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: loam
Bt1 - 12 to 18 inches: sandy loam
Bt2 - 18 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam
BC - 28 to 40 inches: loamy sand
C1 - 40 to 58 inches: sand
C2 - 58 to 80 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 1
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 1
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Ingleside**

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Flats, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Downer

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Knolls, fluviomarine terraces, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve, riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Aura

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Low hills, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, riser
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Fallsington, drained

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Flats, depressions, swales, broad interstream divides
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf, dip
Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Woodstown

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Flats, depressions, broad interstream divides, fluviomarine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, talf, dip
Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Hydric soil rating: No

SafB—Sassafras loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes**Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2thxh
Elevation: 0 to 530 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 49 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 53 to 58 degrees F
Frost-free period: 190 to 250 days
Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Sassafras and similar soils: 80 percent
Minor components: 20 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Sassafras**Setting**

Landform: Fluviomarine terraces, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex, linear
Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: loam
Bt1 - 12 to 18 inches: sandy loam
Bt2 - 18 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam
BC - 28 to 40 inches: loamy sand
C1 - 40 to 58 inches: sand
C2 - 58 to 80 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Ingleside**

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Fluvio-marine terraces, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex, linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Woodstown

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Depressions, broad interstream divides, flats, fluvio-marine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip, talf
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave, linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Fallsington, drained

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Broad interstream divides, flats, depressions, swales
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf, dip
Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Downer

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Knolls, flats, fluvio-marine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve, riser, rise
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Aura

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Landform: Low hills, fluvio-marine terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, riser
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

WoeA—Woodstown sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2thvw
Elevation: 0 to 280 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 58 degrees F
Frost-free period: 180 to 220 days
Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Woodstown and similar soils: 81 percent
Minor components: 19 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Woodstown

Setting

Landform: Fluvio-marine terraces, depressions, broad interstream divides, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Parent material: Loamy fluvio-marine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: sandy loam
E - 7 to 11 inches: sandy loam
Bt - 11 to 29 inches: sandy loam
BCg - 29 to 45 inches: fine sandy loam
Cg - 45 to 80 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 20 to 40 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Hammonton**

Percent of map unit: 7 percent
Landform: Flats, broad interstream divides
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Fallsington

Percent of map unit: 7 percent
Landform: Drainageways, depressions, swales, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave, linear
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Hambrook

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Fluvio-marine terraces, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

WogA—Woodstown loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain**Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2thx3
Elevation: 0 to 470 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 40 to 50 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 59 degrees F
Frost-free period: 190 to 250 days
Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Woodstown and similar soils: 81 percent
Minor components: 19 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Woodstown**Setting**

Landform: Fluvio-marine terraces, depressions, broad interstream divides, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip, talf

Down-slope shape: Linear, concave
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: loam
E - 7 to 11 inches: sandy loam
Bt - 11 to 29 inches: sandy loam
BCg - 29 to 45 inches: fine sandy loam
Cg - 45 to 80 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 20 to 40 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Fallsington**

Percent of map unit: 7 percent
Landform: Drainageways, swales, flats, depressions
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave, linear
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Hammonton

Percent of map unit: 7 percent
Landform: Flats, broad interstream divides
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Hambrook

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Fluviomarine terraces, flats
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

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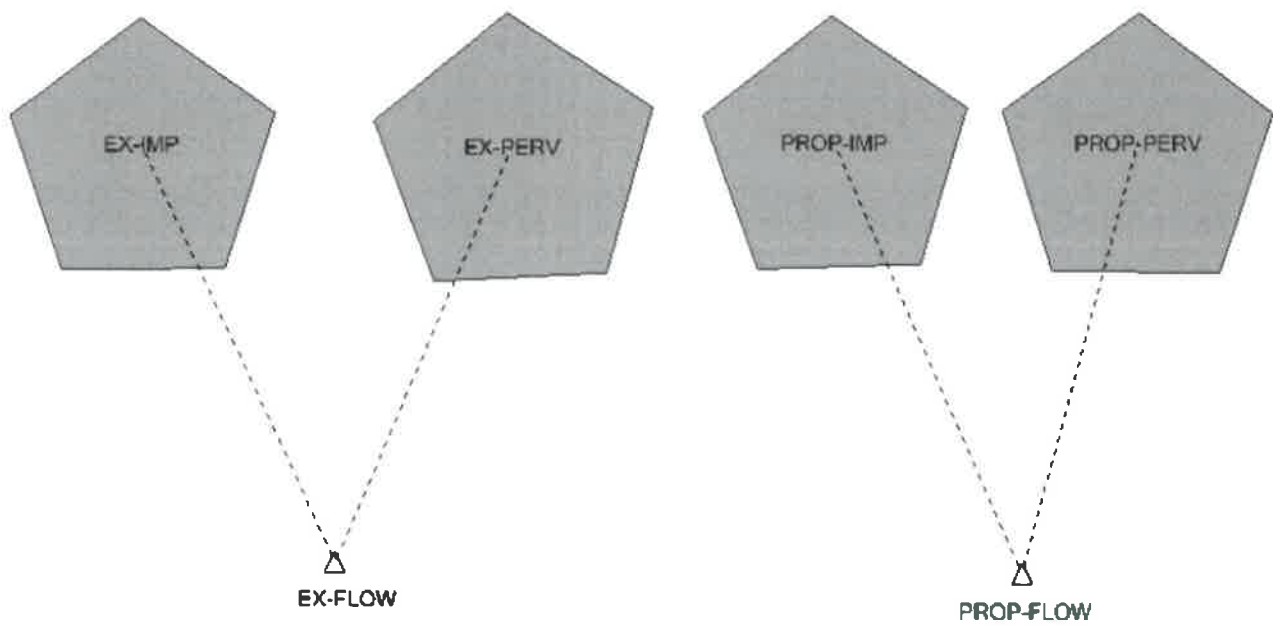
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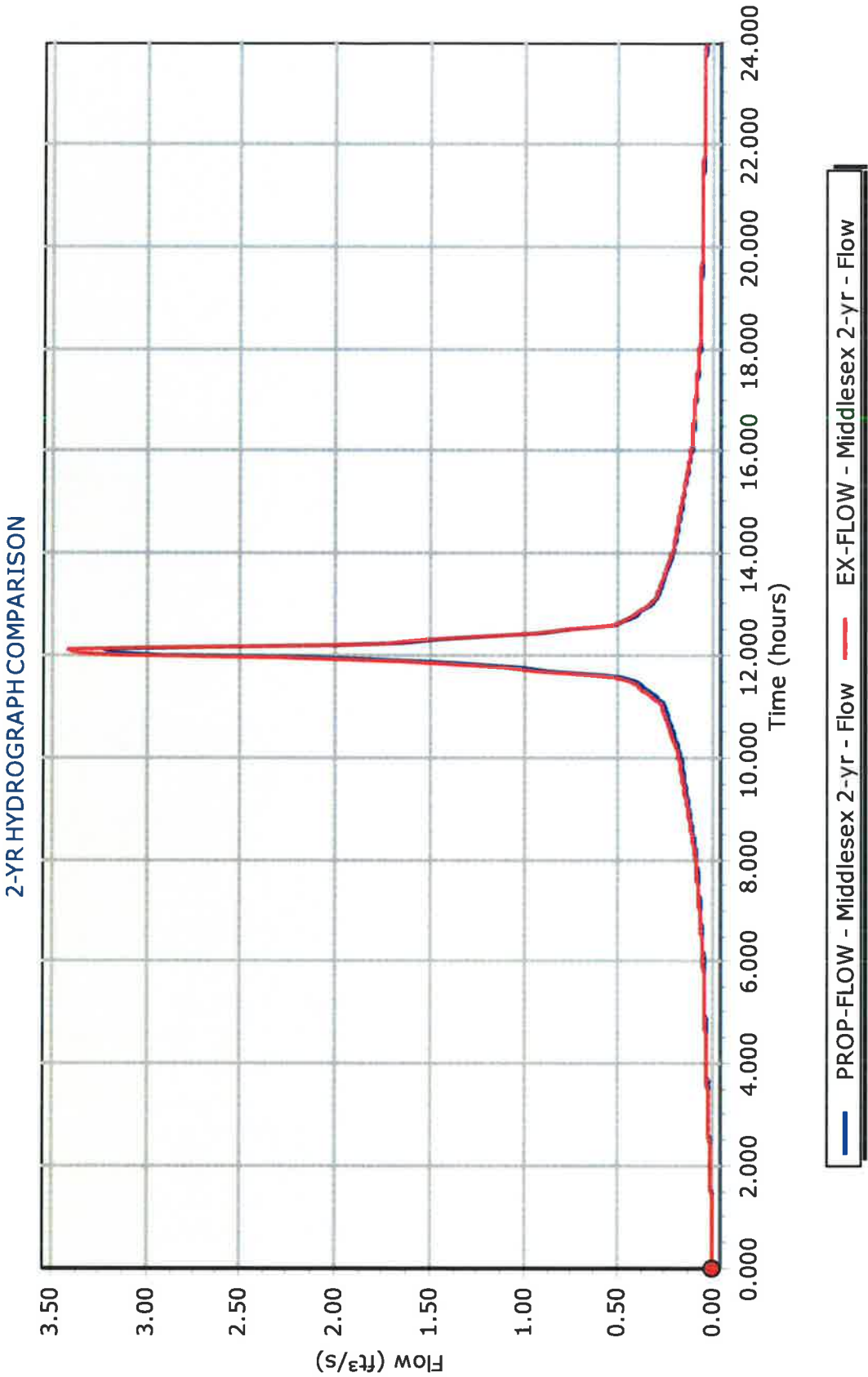
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APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGIC ROUTINGS

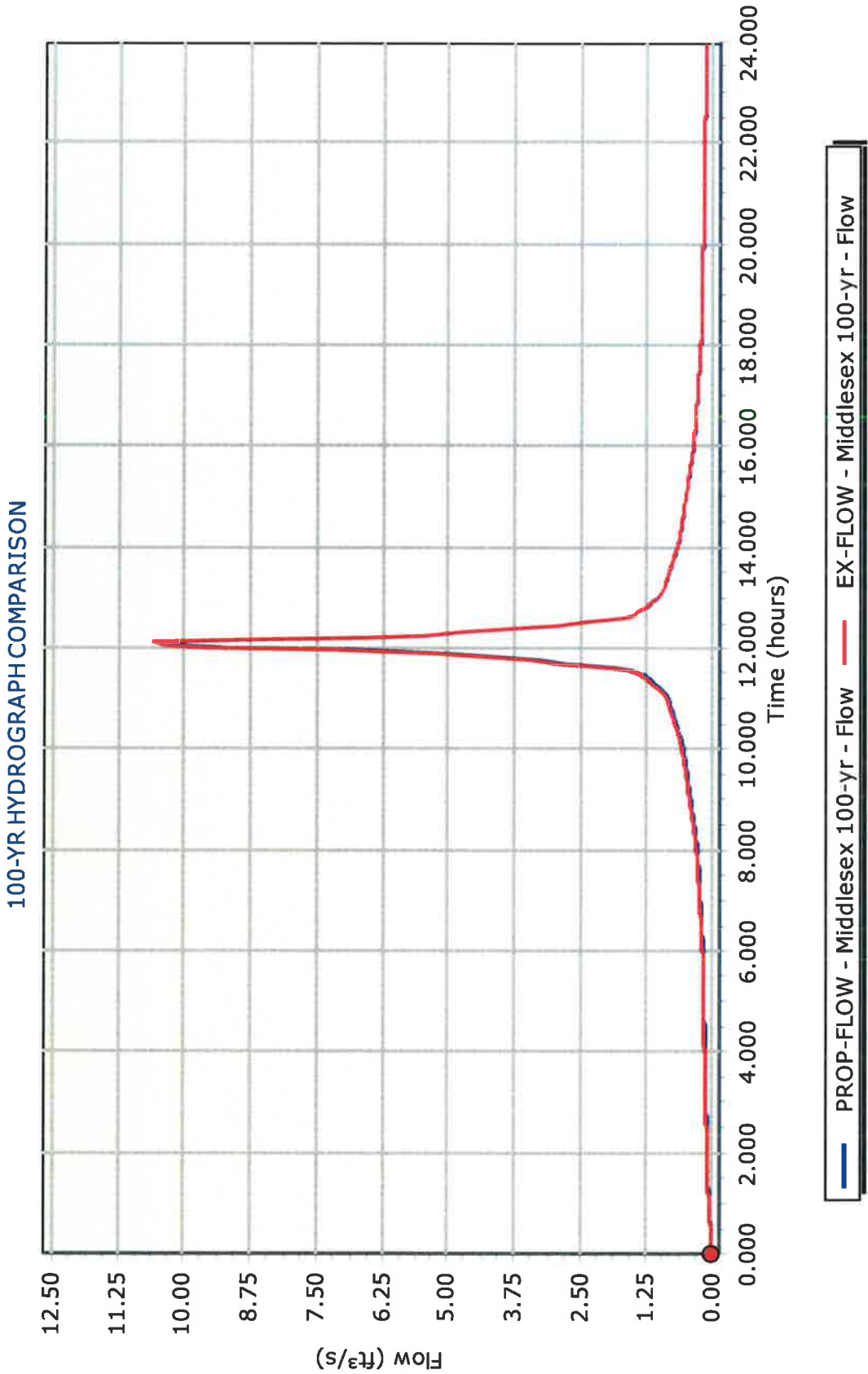




Post construction hydrograph does not exceed pre construction hydrograph at any time.



Post construction hydrograph does not exceed pre construction hydrograph at any time.



Post construction hydrograph does not exceed pre construction hydrograph at any time.

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Subsection: Master Network Summary

Catchments Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft ³ /s)
EX-IMP	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.306	12.100	3.27
EX-IMP	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.487	12.100	5.11
EX-IMP	Middlesex 100-yr	100	0.917	12.100	9.49
EX-PERV	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.015	12.150	0.16
EX-PERV	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.037	12.150	0.42
EX-PERV	Middlesex 100-yr	100	0.099	12.150	1.12
PROP-IMP	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.285	12.100	3.04
PROP-IMP	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.452	12.100	4.75
PROP-IMP	Middlesex 100-yr	100	0.852	12.100	8.81
PROP-PERV	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.020	12.150	0.21
PROP-PERV	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.050	12.150	0.56
PROP-PERV	Middlesex 100-yr	100	0.137	12.150	1.55

Node Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft ³ /s)
EX-FLOW	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.322	12.100	3.42
EX-FLOW	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.523	12.100	5.51
EX-FLOW	Middlesex 100-yr	100	1.016	12.100	10.59
PROP-FLOW	Middlesex 2-yr	2	0.305	12.100	3.23
PROP-FLOW	Middlesex 10-yr	10	0.502	12.100	5.28
PROP-FLOW	Middlesex 100-yr	100	0.989	12.100	10.32

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Time-Depth Curve: Region D 24 hr

Label	Region D 24 hr
Start Time	0.000 hours
Increment	0.100 hours
End Time	24.000 hours
Return Event	100 years

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)

Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.500	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1.000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
1.500	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
2.000	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
2.500	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
3.000	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
3.500	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
4.000	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
4.500	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
5.000	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
5.500	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
6.000	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
6.500	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
7.000	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
7.500	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
8.000	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
8.500	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
9.000	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9
9.500	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1
10.000	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4
10.500	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8
11.000	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3
11.500	3.4	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.8
12.000	5.7	6.7	7.2	7.6	7.9
12.500	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5
13.000	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.8	8.9
13.500	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.3
14.000	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5
14.500	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.8
15.000	9.8	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.0
15.500	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.1	10.1
16.000	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.3
16.500	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.4	10.4
17.000	10.4	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)
Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours
Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
17.500	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6
18.000	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7
18.500	10.7	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
19.000	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.9	10.9
19.500	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.0	11.0
20.000	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
20.500	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
21.000	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.2	11.2
21.500	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
22.000	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3
22.500	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.4
23.000	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
23.500	11.4	11.4	11.5	11.5	11.5
24.000	11.5	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time-Depth Curve: Region D 24hr

Label	Region D 24hr
Start Time	0.000 hours
Increment	0.100 hours
End Time	24.000 hours
Return Event	2 years

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)

Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.500	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
1.500	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2.000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2.500	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
3.000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
3.500	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
4.000	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
4.500	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
5.000	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
5.500	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
6.000	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
6.500	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
7.000	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
7.500	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
8.000	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
8.500	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
9.000	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
9.500	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
10.000	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
10.500	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0
11.000	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
11.500	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
12.000	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7
12.500	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0
13.000	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1
13.500	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
14.000	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
14.500	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4
15.000	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5
15.500	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
16.000	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6
16.500	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
17.000	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)
Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours
Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
17.500	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
18.000	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
18.500	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8
19.000	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
19.500	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
20.000	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
20.500	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9
21.000	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
21.500	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
22.000	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
22.500	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
23.000	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
23.500	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
24.000	4.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time-Depth Curve: Region D 24hr

Label	Region D 24hr
Start Time	0.000 hours
Increment	0.100 hours
End Time	24.000 hours
Return Event	10 years

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)

Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.500	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
1.000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1.500	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2.000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2.500	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
3.000	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
3.500	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
4.000	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
4.500	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
5.000	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
5.500	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
6.000	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
6.500	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
7.000	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
7.500	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
8.000	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
8.500	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
9.000	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
9.500	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
10.000	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
10.500	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
11.000	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
11.500	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.6
12.000	3.1	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.3
12.500	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.6
13.000	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8
13.500	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0
14.000	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
14.500	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3
15.000	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4
15.500	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5
16.000	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6
16.500	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
17.000	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7

Subsection: Time-Depth Curve
 Label: MIDDLESEX:1,2,10,100
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL (in)
Output Time Increment = 0.100 hours
Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)	Depth (in)
17.500	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
18.000	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
18.500	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
19.000	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9
19.500	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9
20.000	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0
20.500	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
21.000	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
21.500	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
22.000	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
22.500	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
23.000	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2
23.500	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2
24.000	6.2	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow

Hydraulic Length	83.00 ft
Manning's n	0.011
Slope	0.015 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	1.20 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.019 hours

Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Concentrated Flow

Hydraulic Length	180.20 ft
Is Paved?	True
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
Average Velocity	2.03 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.025 hours

Segment #3: TR-55 Sheet Flow

Hydraulic Length	17.00 ft
Manning's n	0.150
Slope	0.100 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.23 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.020 hours

Time of Concentration (Composite)

Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
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Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

==== SCS Channel Flow

$$T_c = \frac{R}{Q_a / W_p}$$

$$V = (1.49 * (R^{2/3}) * (S_f^{0.5})) / n$$

Where:

$$(L_f / V) / 3600$$

R= Hydraulic radius
 Aq= Flow area, square feet
 Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 n= Manning's n
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

$$T_c = \frac{V}{16.1345 * (S_f^{0.5})}$$

Paved Surface:

$$V = 20.3282 * (S_f^{0.5})$$

Where:

$$(L_f / V) / 3600$$

V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow	
Hydraulic Length	65.00 ft
Manning's n	0.150
Slope	0.018 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.15 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.119 hours
Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Concentrated Flow	
Hydraulic Length	190.20 ft
Is Paved?	True
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
Average Velocity	2.03 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.026 hours
Segment #3: TR-55 Sheet Flow	
Hydraulic Length	5.00 ft
Manning's n	0.011
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.58 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.002 hours
Segment #4: TR-55 Sheet Flow	
Hydraulic Length	30.00 ft
Manning's n	0.011
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.83 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.010 hours
Time of Concentration (Composite)	
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.157 hours

Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

==== SCS Channel Flow

$$T_c = \frac{R}{Q_a / W_p}$$

$$V = (1.49 * (R^{2/3}) * (S_f^{-0.5})) / n$$

Where:

$$(L_f / V) / 3600$$

R= Hydraulic radius
 Aq= Flow area, square feet
 Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 n= Manning's n
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

$$T_c = \frac{V}{16.1345 * (S_f^{0.5})}$$

Paved Surface:

$$V = 20.3282 * (S_f^{0.5})$$

Where:

$$(L_f / V) / 3600$$

V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: PROP-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow

Hydraulic Length	100.00 ft
Manning's n	0.011
Slope	0.012 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	1.14 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.024 hours

Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Concentrated Flow

Hydraulic Length	191.00 ft
Is Paved?	True
Slope	0.009 ft/ft
Average Velocity	1.93 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.028 hours

Time of Concentration (Composite)

Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
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Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: PROP-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

==== SCS Channel Flow

Tc = $R = Qa / Wp$
 $V = (1.49 * (R^{2/3}) * (Sf^{*-0.5})) / n$

Where: $(Lf / V) / 3600$
 R= Hydraulic radius
 Aq= Flow area, square feet
 Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 n= Manning's n
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

Tc = Unpaved surface:
 $V = 16.1345 * (Sf^{*0.5})$

Paved Surface:
 $V = 20.3282 * (Sf^{*0.5})$

Where: $(Lf / V) / 3600$
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations

Label: PROP-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow

Hydraulic Length	60.00 ft
Manning's n	0.150
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.12 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.141 hours

Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Concentrated Flow

Hydraulic Length	223.00 ft
Is Paved?	True
Slope	0.095 ft/ft
Average Velocity	6.27 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.010 hours

Segment #3: TR-55 Sheet Flow

Hydraulic Length	40.00 ft
Manning's n	0.011
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.3 in
Average Velocity	0.88 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.013 hours

Time of Concentration (Composite)

Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.163 hours
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Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

==== SCS Channel Flow

Tc = $R = Qa / Wp$
 $V = (1.49 * (R^{2/3}) * (Sf^{*-0.5})) / n$

Where: $(Lf / V) / 3600$
 R= Hydraulic radius
 Aq= Flow area, square feet
 Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 n= Manning's n
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

Tc = Unpaved surface:
 $V = 16.1345 * (Sf^{*0.5})$

Paved Surface:
 $V = 20.3282 * (Sf^{*0.5})$

Where: $(Lf / V) / 3600$
 V= Velocity, ft/sec
 Sf= Slope, ft/ft
 Tc= Time of concentration, hours
 Lf= Flow length, feet

Subsection: Runoff CN-Area
 Label: EX-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Runoff Curve Number Data

Soil/Surface Description	CN	Area (acres)	C (%)	UC (%)	Adjusted CN
Impervious Areas - Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways, Streets and roads - Soil B	98.000	0.610	0.0	0.0	98.000
Impervious Areas - Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways, Streets and roads - Soil C	98.000	0.370	0.0	0.0	98.000
COMPOSITE AREA & WEIGHTED CN --->	(N/A)	0.980	(N/A)	(N/A)	98.000

Subsection: Runoff CN-Area
 Label: EX-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Runoff Curve Number Data

Soil/Surface Description	CN	Area (acres)	C (%)	UC (%)	Adjusted CN
Open space (Lawns,parks etc.) - Good condition; grass cover > 75% - Soil B	61.000	0.110	0.0	0.0	61.000
Open space (Lawns,parks etc.) - Good condition; grass cover > 75% - Soil C	74.000	0.060	0.0	0.0	74.000
COMPOSITE AREA & WEIGHTED CN --->	(N/A)	0.170	(N/A)	(N/A)	65.588

Subsection: Runoff CN-Area
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Runoff Curve Number Data

Soil/Surface Description	CN	Area (acres)	C (%)	UC (%)	Adjusted CN
Impervious Areas - Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways, Streets and roads - Soil B	98.000	0.910	0.0	0.0	98.000
COMPOSITE AREA & WEIGHTED CN --->	(N/A)	0.910	(N/A)	(N/A)	98.000

Subsection: Runoff CN-Area
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Runoff Curve Number Data

Soil/Surface Description	CN	Area (acres)	C (%)	UC (%)	Adjusted CN
Open space (Lawns,parks etc.) - Good condition; grass cover > 75% - Soil B	61.000	0.160	0.0	0.0	61.000
Open space (Lawns,parks etc.) - Good condition; grass cover > 75% - Soil C	74.000	0.080	0.0	0.0	74.000
COMPOSITE AREA & WEIGHTED CN --->	(N/A)	0.240	(N/A)	(N/A)	65.333

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph Equations

Unit Hydrograph Method (Computational Notes)**Definition of Terms**

At	Total area (acres): $A_t = A_i + A_p$
Ai	Impervious area (acres)
Ap	Pervious area (acres)
CNi	Runoff curve number for impervious area
CNp	Runoff curve number for pervious area
fLoss	f loss constant infiltration (depth/time)
gKs	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (depth/time)
Md	Volumetric Moisture Deficit
Psi	Capillary Suction (length)
hK	Horton Infiltration Decay Rate (time^{-1})
fo	Initial Infiltration Rate (depth/time)
fc	Ultimate(capacity)Infiltration Rate (depth/time)
Ia	Initial Abstraction (length)
dt	Computational increment (duration of unit excess rainfall) Default dt is smallest value of $0.1333T_c$, r_{tm} , and t_h (Smallest dt is then adjusted to match up with T_p)
UDdt	User specified override computational main time increment (only used if UDdt is $\Rightarrow .1333T_c$)
D(t)	Point on distribution curve (fraction of P) for time step t
K	$2 / (1 + (T_r/T_p))$: default $K = 0.75$: (for $T_r/T_p = 1.67$)
Ks	Hydrograph shape factor = Unit Conversions * K : $= ((1\text{hr}/3600\text{sec}) * (1\text{ft}/12\text{in}) * ((5280\text{ft})^2/\text{sq.mi.})) * K$ Default $K_s = 645.333 * 0.75 = 484$
Lag	Lag time from center of excess runoff (dt) to T_p : $\text{Lag} = 0.6T_c$
P	Total precipitation depth, inches
Pa(t)	Accumulated rainfall at time step t
Pi(t)	Incremental rainfall at time step t
qp	Peak discharge (cfs) for 1in. runoff, for 1hr, for 1 sq.mi. $= (K_s * A * Q) / T_p$ (where $Q = 1\text{in. runoff}$, $A = \text{sq.mi.}$)
Qu(t)	Unit hydrograph ordinate (cfs) at time step t
Q(t)	Final hydrograph ordinate (cfs) at time step t
Rai(t)	Accumulated runoff (inches) at time step t for impervious area
Rap(t)	Accumulated runoff (inches) at time step t for pervious area
Rii(t)	Incremental runoff (inches) at time step t for impervious area
Rip(t)	Incremental runoff (inches) at time step t for pervious area
R(t)	Incremental weighted total runoff (inches)
Rtm	Time increment for rainfall table
Si	S for impervious area: $S_i = (1000/CN_i) - 10$
Sp	S for pervious area: $S_p = (1000/CN_p) - 10$
t	Time step (row) number
Tc	Time of concentration
Tb	Time (hrs) of entire unit hydrograph: $T_b = T_p + T_r$
Tp	Time (hrs) to peak of a unit hydrograph: $T_p = (dt/2) + \text{Lag}$
Tr	Time (hrs) of receding limb of unit hydrograph: $T_r = \text{ratio of } T_p$

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph Equations

Unit Hydrograph Method

Computational Notes

Precipitation

Column (1)	Time for time step t
Column (2)	$D(t)$ = Point on distribution curve for time step t
Column (3)	$P_i(t) = P_a(t) - P_a(t-1)$: Col.(4) - Preceding Col.(4)
Column (4)	$P_a(t) = D(t) \times P$: Col.(2) x P

Pervious Area Runoff (using SCS Runoff CN Method)

Column (5)	$Rap(t)$ = Accumulated pervious runoff for time step t If $(P_a(t))$ is $\leq 0.2Sp$ then use: $Rap(t) = 0.0$ If $(P_a(t))$ is $> 0.2Sp$ then use: $Rap(t) = (Col.(4) - 0.2Sp) \times 2 / (Col.(4) + 0.8Sp)$
Column (6)	$Rip(t)$ = Incremental pervious runoff for time step t $Rip(t) = Rap(t) - Rap(t-1)$ $Rip(t) = Col.(5)$ for current row - $Col.(5)$ for preceding row.

Impervious Area Runoff

Column (7 & 8)...	Did not specify to use impervious areas.
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Incremental Weighted Runoff

Column (9)	$R(t) = (A_p/A_t) \times Rip(t) + (A_i/A_t) \times Rii(t)$ $R(t) = (A_p/A_t) \times Col.(6) + (A_i/A_t) \times Col.(8)$
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SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

Column (10)	$Q(t)$ is computed with the SCS unit hydrograph method using $R(t)$ and $Qu(t)$.
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Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: EX-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	2 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	4.0 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.980 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
1.150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.400	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
2.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
2.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
3.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
3.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
3.650	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
3.900	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
4.150	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
4.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
4.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
4.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.400	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05
5.650	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
5.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
6.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06
6.400	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
6.650	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07
6.900	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
7.150	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08
7.400	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
7.650	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09
7.900	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
8.150	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
8.400	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12
8.650	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13
8.900	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14
9.150	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15
9.400	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.650	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
9.900	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.19
10.150	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21
10.400	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23
10.650	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.26
10.900	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.29
11.150	0.31	0.33	0.34	0.36	0.38
11.400	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.51	0.60
11.650	0.75	0.92	1.09	1.26	1.43
11.900	1.61	2.25	3.03	3.23	3.27
12.150	2.68	1.92	1.60	1.39	1.21
12.400	1.04	0.87	0.69	0.58	0.48
12.650	0.44	0.42	0.40	0.38	0.36
12.900	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.29
13.150	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26
13.400	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24
13.650	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.21
13.900	0.21	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.19
14.150	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.18
14.400	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17
14.650	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
14.900	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
15.150	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.13
15.400	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12
15.650	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11
15.900	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10
16.150	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
16.400	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
16.650	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
16.900	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
17.150	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
17.400	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
17.650	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
17.900	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.400	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.650	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.900	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
19.150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
19.400	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.650	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
20.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
20.400	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
20.650	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
20.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
21.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
21.400	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
23.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
23.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
23.650	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03
23.900	0.03	0.03	0.03	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	10 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	6.2 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.980 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
0.700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.950	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.200	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
1.450	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
1.700	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
1.950	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
2.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04
2.450	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
2.700	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
2.950	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
3.200	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
3.450	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06
3.700	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
3.950	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
4.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07
4.450	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
4.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
4.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08
5.200	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
5.450	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
5.700	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09
5.950	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
6.200	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10
6.450	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
6.700	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
6.950	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
7.200	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13
7.450	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14
7.700	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.15
7.950	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16
8.200	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17
8.450	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19
8.700	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21
8.950	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.23

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.200	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.25
9.450	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26
9.700	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.28
9.950	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.30	0.31
10.200	0.31	0.32	0.33	0.33	0.34
10.450	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.38
10.700	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.41	0.42
10.950	0.42	0.43	0.45	0.46	0.49
11.200	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60	0.63
11.450	0.66	0.68	0.80	0.94	1.18
11.700	1.44	1.71	1.98	2.24	2.51
11.950	3.53	4.74	5.04	5.11	4.18
12.200	2.99	2.49	2.17	1.89	1.62
12.450	1.35	1.08	0.90	0.75	0.69
12.700	0.65	0.62	0.60	0.57	0.54
12.950	0.51	0.48	0.46	0.44	0.43
13.200	0.43	0.42	0.41	0.40	0.40
13.450	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.36
13.700	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.32
13.950	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29
14.200	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.28
14.450	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26
14.700	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24
14.950	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.22
15.200	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21
15.450	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.19
15.700	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.17
15.950	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
16.200	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
16.450	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14
16.700	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.13
16.950	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
17.200	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
17.450	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11
17.700	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10
17.950	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
18.200	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09
18.450	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
18.700	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
18.950	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
19.200	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
19.450	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
19.700	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.950	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
20.200	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
20.450	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
20.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
20.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.200	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.450	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
22.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.700	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.950	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
23.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
23.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.05
23.700	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
23.950	0.05	0.05	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: EX-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Storm Event	Region D 24 hr
Return Event	100 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	11.5 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.980 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
0.400	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
0.650	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04
0.900	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
1.150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
1.400	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
1.650	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
1.900	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
2.150	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
2.400	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10
2.650	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
2.900	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
3.150	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12
3.400	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
3.650	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
3.900	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
4.150	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
4.400	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
4.650	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
4.900	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16
5.150	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
5.400	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
5.650	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
5.900	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18
6.150	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19
6.400	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
6.650	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22
6.900	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23
7.150	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25
7.400	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26
7.650	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28
7.900	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.29
8.150	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.33
8.400	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.36
8.650	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.39	0.39

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years

Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
8.900	0.40	0.40	0.41	0.42	0.42
9.150	0.43	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.46
9.400	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.48	0.49
9.650	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.52	0.52
9.900	0.53	0.54	0.54	0.55	0.56
10.150	0.57	0.59	0.60	0.62	0.63
10.400	0.64	0.66	0.67	0.68	0.70
10.650	0.71	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.77
10.900	0.78	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.87
11.150	0.91	0.96	1.02	1.07	1.12
11.400	1.17	1.22	1.28	1.50	1.76
11.650	2.20	2.69	3.18	3.68	4.18
11.900	4.68	6.55	8.80	9.36	9.49
12.150	7.76	5.55	4.63	4.03	3.51
12.400	3.00	2.51	2.01	1.68	1.39
12.650	1.28	1.21	1.16	1.10	1.05
12.900	1.00	0.95	0.90	0.86	0.82
13.150	0.81	0.79	0.78	0.76	0.75
13.400	0.74	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.68
13.650	0.67	0.66	0.64	0.63	0.61
13.900	0.60	0.59	0.57	0.56	0.55
14.150	0.54	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.52
14.400	0.51	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.49
14.650	0.48	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.45
14.900	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.42
15.150	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.39	0.39
15.400	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.36	0.36
15.650	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.32
15.900	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29
16.150	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.28
16.400	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26
16.650	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.25
16.900	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24
17.150	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.22
17.400	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21
17.650	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.19
17.900	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.18
18.150	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
18.400	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
18.650	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
18.900	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16
19.150	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
19.400	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-IMP

Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years

Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.650	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
19.900	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
20.150	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14
20.400	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
20.650	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
20.900	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.13
21.150	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
21.400	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
21.650	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
21.900	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
22.150	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
22.400	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
22.650	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
22.900	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
23.150	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
23.400	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
23.650	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
23.900	0.10	0.10	0.10	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: EX-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	2 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	4.0 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.157 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.170 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
11.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11.550	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
11.800	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.08
12.050	0.12	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.13
12.300	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.07
12.550	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03
12.800	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
13.050	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
13.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
13.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
13.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01
14.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
15.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
15.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
15.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
15.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00
20.550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22.050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22.550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	10 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	6.2 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.157 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.170 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
10.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
10.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
11.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
11.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
11.550	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.07
11.800	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.18	0.26
12.050	0.34	0.40	0.42	0.37	0.31
12.300	0.27	0.23	0.20	0.18	0.15
12.550	0.13	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.08
12.800	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06
13.050	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
13.300	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
13.550	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
13.800	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
14.050	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
14.300	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
14.550	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
14.800	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
15.050	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
15.300	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02
15.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
15.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
16.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
16.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
16.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
16.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
17.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
18.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.050	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: EX-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Storm Event	Region D 24 hr
Return Event	100 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	11.5 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.157 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.170 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
7.300	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8.050	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.300	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.550	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.800	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
9.050	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
9.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
9.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
9.800	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
10.050	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
10.300	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
10.550	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
10.800	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
11.050	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08
11.300	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11
11.550	0.12	0.14	0.17	0.21	0.26
11.800	0.32	0.38	0.44	0.55	0.77
12.050	0.98	1.11	1.12	0.98	0.80
12.300	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.44	0.37
12.550	0.30	0.25	0.22	0.19	0.18
12.800	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.14
13.050	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.12
13.300	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
13.550	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
13.800	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
14.050	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
14.300	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
14.550	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
14.800	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
15.050	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
15.300	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
15.550	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)

Label: EX-PERV

Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years

Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)**Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours****Time on left represents time for first value in each row.**

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
15.800	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
16.050	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04
16.300	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
16.550	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
16.800	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
17.050	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
17.300	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
17.550	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
17.800	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
18.050	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
18.300	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
18.550	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
18.800	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
19.050	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02
19.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
19.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
19.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
20.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
20.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
20.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
20.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
21.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
21.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
21.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
21.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
22.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
22.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
22.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
22.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.050	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.300	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.550	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.800	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	2 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	4.0 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.910 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
1.150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.400	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2.400	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
2.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
2.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
3.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
3.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03
3.650	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
3.900	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
4.150	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
4.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
4.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
4.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
5.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
6.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
6.400	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06
6.650	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
6.900	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07
7.150	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
7.400	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08
7.650	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
7.900	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09
8.150	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10
8.400	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
8.650	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12
8.900	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13
9.150	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14
9.400	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.650	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16
9.900	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
10.150	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.20
10.400	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.22
10.650	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.24
10.900	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.27
11.150	0.29	0.30	0.32	0.34	0.35
11.400	0.37	0.39	0.40	0.47	0.56
11.650	0.70	0.85	1.01	1.17	1.33
11.900	1.49	2.09	2.81	2.99	3.04
12.150	2.49	1.78	1.49	1.29	1.13
12.400	0.96	0.81	0.64	0.54	0.45
12.650	0.41	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.34
12.900	0.32	0.31	0.29	0.28	0.27
13.150	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24
13.400	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.22
13.650	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.20
13.900	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.18
14.150	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
14.400	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
14.650	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
14.900	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
15.150	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12
15.400	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11
15.650	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10
15.900	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09
16.150	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
16.400	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
16.650	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
16.900	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
17.150	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
17.400	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
17.650	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06
17.900	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.400	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
18.650	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
18.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.400	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.650	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
19.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
20.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
20.400	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
20.650	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
20.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
21.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.400	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
22.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
23.150	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
23.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
23.650	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
23.900	0.03	0.03	0.03	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	10 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	6.2 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.910 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
0.700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.950	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1.200	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
1.450	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
1.700	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03
1.950	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
2.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
2.450	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
2.700	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
2.950	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
3.200	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
3.450	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
3.700	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06
3.950	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
4.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
4.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
4.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
4.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
5.200	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
5.450	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08
5.700	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
5.950	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
6.200	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
6.450	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10
6.700	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
6.950	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
7.200	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
7.450	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13
7.700	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14
7.950	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.15
8.200	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16
8.450	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18
8.700	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.19
8.950	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.200	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.23
9.450	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.24
9.700	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.26
9.950	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.28
10.200	0.29	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.32
10.450	0.32	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.35
10.700	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.39
10.950	0.39	0.40	0.41	0.43	0.45
11.200	0.48	0.51	0.53	0.56	0.58
11.450	0.61	0.64	0.74	0.88	1.10
11.700	1.34	1.59	1.84	2.08	2.34
11.950	3.27	4.40	4.68	4.75	3.88
12.200	2.78	2.32	2.02	1.76	1.50
12.450	1.26	1.00	0.84	0.69	0.64
12.700	0.61	0.58	0.55	0.53	0.50
12.950	0.48	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.40
13.200	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37
13.450	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.34	0.34
13.700	0.33	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.30
13.950	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.27
14.200	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26
14.450	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24
14.700	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.22
14.950	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21
15.200	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.19
15.450	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.17
15.700	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16
15.950	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
16.200	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
16.450	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.13
16.700	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12
16.950	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
17.200	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
17.450	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10
17.700	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
17.950	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
18.200	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
18.450	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
18.700	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08
18.950	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
19.200	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
19.450	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
19.700	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
20.200	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
20.450	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
20.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
20.950	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.200	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
21.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
21.700	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
21.950	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.700	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
22.950	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05
23.200	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
23.450	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
23.700	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
23.950	0.05	0.05	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Storm Event	Region D 24 hr
Return Event	100 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	11.5 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.083 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.910 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
0.400	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
0.650	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
0.900	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05
1.150	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06
1.400	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07
1.650	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
1.900	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08
2.150	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
2.400	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
2.650	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10
2.900	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
3.150	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
3.400	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
3.650	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
3.900	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
4.150	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
4.400	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
4.650	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
4.900	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
5.150	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
5.400	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
5.650	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16
5.900	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
6.150	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18
6.400	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19
6.650	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
6.900	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22
7.150	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23
7.400	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24
7.650	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.26
7.900	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27
8.150	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.30	0.30
8.400	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.33	0.33
8.650	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.36

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
8.900	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.39	0.39
9.150	0.40	0.41	0.41	0.42	0.42
9.400	0.43	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.46
9.650	0.46	0.47	0.47	0.48	0.49
9.900	0.49	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.52
10.150	0.53	0.55	0.56	0.57	0.58
10.400	0.60	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.65
10.650	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.70	0.71
10.900	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.77	0.80
11.150	0.85	0.90	0.94	0.99	1.04
11.400	1.09	1.14	1.19	1.39	1.63
11.650	2.04	2.49	2.95	3.42	3.88
11.900	4.34	6.09	8.17	8.69	8.81
12.150	7.21	5.15	4.30	3.74	3.26
12.400	2.79	2.33	1.86	1.56	1.29
12.650	1.19	1.13	1.07	1.03	0.98
12.900	0.93	0.88	0.83	0.80	0.77
13.150	0.75	0.73	0.72	0.71	0.70
13.400	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.65	0.63
13.650	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.58	0.57
13.900	0.56	0.55	0.53	0.52	0.51
14.150	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.48
14.400	0.48	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.45
14.650	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.42
14.900	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40	0.39
15.150	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.36
15.400	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.33
15.650	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.30
15.900	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.27
16.150	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26
16.400	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
16.650	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23
16.900	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.22
17.150	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21
17.400	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.19
17.650	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18
17.900	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
18.150	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16
18.400	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
18.650	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
18.900	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
19.150	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
19.400	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-IMP
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.650	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
19.900	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
20.150	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.13
20.400	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
20.650	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
20.900	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12
21.150	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
21.400	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
21.650	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
21.900	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
22.150	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
22.400	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
22.650	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10
22.900	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
23.150	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
23.400	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09
23.650	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
23.900	0.09	0.09	0.09	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	2 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	4.0 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.163 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.240 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
11.400	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11.650	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
11.900	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.15	0.19
12.150	0.21	0.20	0.17	0.15	0.14
12.400	0.12	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.06
12.650	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
12.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
13.150	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
13.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
13.650	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
13.900	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
14.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
15.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
15.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
15.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01
15.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
16.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
17.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
18.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
19.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.650	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.900	0.00	0.00	0.00	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Storm Event	Region D 24hr
Return Event	10 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	6.2 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.163 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.240 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
9.900	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
10.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
10.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
11.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
11.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05
11.650	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.12	0.15
11.900	0.18	0.23	0.34	0.45	0.53
12.150	0.56	0.51	0.43	0.37	0.32
12.400	0.28	0.25	0.21	0.17	0.15
12.650	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.09
12.900	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07
13.150	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
13.400	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
13.650	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
13.900	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
14.150	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
14.400	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
14.650	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
14.900	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
15.150	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
15.400	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03
15.650	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
15.900	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
16.150	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
16.400	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02
16.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
16.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
17.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
18.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
18.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
18.650	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
18.900	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
19.150	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
19.400	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
19.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
19.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
21.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
22.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.150	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.400	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.650	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
23.900	0.01	0.01	0.01	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Storm Event	Region D 24 hr
Return Event	100 years
Duration	24.000 hours
Depth	11.5 in
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.163 hours
Area (User Defined)	0.240 acres

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
7.450	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.950	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.200	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.450	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
8.700	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
8.950	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
9.200	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
9.450	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
9.700	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04
9.950	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
10.200	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
10.450	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
10.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08
10.950	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09
11.200	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.13
11.450	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.19	0.23
11.700	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.60
11.950	0.75	1.03	1.32	1.51	1.55
12.200	1.37	1.13	0.96	0.83	0.72
12.450	0.62	0.52	0.43	0.36	0.31
12.700	0.27	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.21
12.950	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.17
13.200	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15
13.450	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14
13.700	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.13
13.950	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
14.200	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
14.450	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10
14.700	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
14.950	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
15.200	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08
15.450	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
15.700	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07

Subsection: Unit Hydrograph (Hydrograph Table)
 Label: PROP-PERV
 Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
 Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (ft³/s)

Output Time Increment = 0.050 hours

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time (hours)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Flow (ft ³ /s)
15.950	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06
16.200	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
16.450	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
16.700	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05
16.950	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
17.200	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
17.450	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
17.700	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
17.950	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
18.200	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
18.450	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
18.700	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
18.950	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
19.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
19.450	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
19.700	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
19.950	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
20.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
20.450	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
20.700	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
20.950	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
21.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
21.450	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
21.700	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
21.950	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
22.200	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
22.450	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02
22.700	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
22.950	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.200	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.450	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.700	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
23.950	0.02	0.02	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: EX-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'EX-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	EX-IMP	0.306	12.100	3.27
Flow (From)	EX-PERV	0.015	12.150	0.16
Flow (In)	EX-FLOW	0.322	12.100	3.42

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: EX-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years
Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'EX-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	EX-IMP	0.487	12.100	5.11
Flow (From)	EX-PERV	0.037	12.150	0.42
Flow (In)	EX-FLOW	0.523	12.100	5.51

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: EX-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years
Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'EX-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	EX-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	EX-IMP	0.917	12.100	9.49
Flow (From)	EX-PERV	0.099	12.150	1.12
Flow (In)	EX-FLOW	1.016	12.100	10.59

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: PROP-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 2-yr

Return Event: 2 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'PROP-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	PROP-IMP	0.285	12.100	3.04
Flow (From)	PROP-PERV	0.020	12.150	0.21
Flow (In)	PROP-FLOW	0.305	12.100	3.23

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: PROP-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 10-yr

Return Event: 10 years

Storm Event: Region D 24hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'PROP-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	PROP-IMP	0.452	12.100	4.75
Flow (From)	PROP-PERV	0.050	12.150	0.56
Flow (In)	PROP-FLOW	0.502	12.100	5.28

Subsection: Addition Summary

Label: PROP-FLOW

Scenario: Middlesex 100-yr

Return Event: 100 years

Storm Event: Region D 24 hr

Summary for Hydrograph Addition at 'PROP-FLOW'

Upstream Link	Upstream Node
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-IMP
<Catchment to Outflow Node>	PROP-PERV

Node Inflows

Inflow Type	Element	Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Flow (Peak) (ft ³ /s)
Flow (From)	PROP-IMP	0.852	12.100	8.81
Flow (From)	PROP-PERV	0.137	12.150	1.55
Flow (In)	PROP-FLOW	0.989	12.100	10.32

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APPENDIX D
NEW JERSEY GROUNDWATER RECHARGE SPREADSHEET (NJGRS)



Annual Groundwater Recharge Analysis (based on GSR-32)

Project Name:		Chase Bank	
Description:		43986-410-21	
Analysis Date:		10/12/23	

Pre-Developed Conditions					
Land Segment	Area (acres)	TR-55 Land Cover	Soil	Annual Recharge (in)	Annual Recharge (cu.ft)
1	0.91	Impervious areas	Readington	0.0	-
2	0.16	Open space	Sassafras	13.2	7,875
3	0.08	Open space	Woodstown	11.3	3,280
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
Total =	1.2				

Post-Developed Conditions					
Land Segment	Area (acres)	TR-55 Land Cover	Soil	Annual Recharge (in)	Annual Recharge (cu.ft)
1	0.91	Impervious areas	Readington	0.0	-
2	0.16	Open space	Sassafras	13.2	7,875
3	0.08	Open space	Woodstown	11.3	3,280
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
Total =	1.2				

Annual Recharge Requirements Calculation ↓		Annual Recharge (in)		Annual Recharge (cu.ft)	
		1.9		7,736	

% of Pre-Developed Annual Recharge to Preserve =		100%	
Post-Development Annual Recharge Deficit =		-3,218	

Recharge Efficiency Parameters Calculations (area averages)	
RWC = #N/A (in)	DRWC = #N/A (in)
ERWC = #N/A (in)	EDRWC = #N/A (in)

Procedure to fill the Pre-Development and Post-Development Conditions Tables

For each land segment, first enter the area, then select TR-55 Land Cover, then select Soil. Start from the top of the table and proceed downward. Don't leave blank rows (with A=0) in between your segment entries. Rows with A=0 will not be displayed or used in calculations. For impervious areas outside of standard lots select "Impervious Areas" as the Land Cover. Soil type for impervious areas are only required if an infiltration facility will be built within these areas.

APPENDIX E
NON-STRUCTURAL POINT SYSTEM SPREADSHEET

NJDEP Nonstructural Strategies Points System (NSPS)

Version: January 31, 2006

Note: Input Values in Yellow Cells Only

Project: Chase Bank

Date: October 12, 2023

User: KMW

Notes:

Step 1 - Provide Basic Major Development Site Information

A. Specify Total Area in Acres of Development Site Described in Steps 2 and 3 = 1.2 Acres

B. Specify by Percent the Various Planning Areas Located within the Development Site:

State Plan Planning Area:						PA-1	PA-2	PA-3	PA-4	PA-4B	PA-5	Total % Area
Percent of Each Planning Area within Site:							100.0%					100.0%

Note: See User's Guide for Equivalent Zones within Designated Centers and the NJ Meadowlands, Pinelands, and Highlands Districts

Step 2 - Describe Existing or Pre-Developed Site Conditions

A. Specify Existing Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

Site Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG				Use/Cover Subtotals	Points
		HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D		
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers					0.0	0
2	Lawn and Open Space		0.1	0.1		0.2	44
3	Brush and Shrub					0.0	0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range					0.0	0
5	Row Crop					0.0	0
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0	0
7	Woods - Indigenous					0.0	0
8	Woods - Planted					0.0	0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0	0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0	0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0	0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving					0.0	0
13	Directly Connected Impervious		0.6	0.4		1.0	0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0	0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0	0
HSG Subtotals (Acres):		0.0	0.7	0.4	0.0		Total Area: 1.2
HSG Subtotals (%):		0.0%	62.6%	37.4%	0.0%		Total % Area: 100.0%

Points Subtotal: 44

Total Existing Site Points: 44

Step 3 - Describe Proposed or Post-Developed Site Conditions

A. Specify Proposed Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

Site Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG				Use/Cover Subtotals	Points
		HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D		
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers					0.0	0
2	Lawn and Open Space		0.2	0.1		0.2	62
3	Brush and Shrub					0.0	0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range					0.0	0
5	Row Crop					0.0	0
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0	0
7	Woods - Indigenous					0.0	0
8	Woods - Planted					0.0	0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0	0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0	0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0	0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving					0.0	0
13	Directly Connected Impervious		0.6	0.4		0.9	0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0	0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0	0
HSG Subtotals (Acres):		0.0	0.7	0.4	0.0		1.2
HSG Subtotals (%):		0.0%	62.6%	37.4%	0.0%		100.0%
Points Subtotal:							62

B. Compare Proposed Impervious Coverage with Maximum Allowable Impervious Coverage:

Total Directly Connected Impervious Coverage =
Total Unconnected Impervious Coverage with Small D/S Pervious =
Total Unconnected Impervious Coverage with Large D/S Pervious =
Total Site Impervious Coverage =
Effective Site Impervious Coverage =

79%	% of Site
0%	% of Site
0%	% of Site
79%	% of Site
79%	% of Site

Specify Source of Maximum Allowable Impervious Coverage:

None (None or Table)

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Points Subtotal:

0

C. Compare Proposed Site Disturbance with Maximum Allowable Site Disturbance:

Total Proposed Site Disturbance =
Maximum Allowable Site Disturbance by Municipal Ordinance =

	% of Site
	% of Site

Points Subtotal:

0

D. Describe Proposed Runoff Conveyance System:

Total Length of Runoff Conveyance System =
Length of Vegetated Runoff Conveyance System =
% of Total Runoff Conveyance System That is Vegetated =

0	Feet
0	Feet
0%	

Points Subtotal:

0

E. Residential Lot Clustering:

Percent of Total Site Area that will be Clustered =
Minimum Standard Lot Size as Per Zoning (Note: 1/2 Acre or Greater) =
Maximum Proposed Cluster Lot Size (Note: 1/4 Acre or Less) =
Percent of Clustered Portion of Site to be Preserved as Vegetated Open Space =

	% of Site
	Acres
	Acres
	% of Clustered Site Portion

Points Subtotal:

0

F. Will the Following be Utilized to Minimize Soil Compaction?

Proposed Lawn Areas will be Graded with Lightweight Construction Equipment:
Percent of Proposed Lawn Areas to be Graded with Such Equipment:

No
0%

(Yes or No)
% of Lawn Areas

Points Subtotal:

0

G. Are Any of the Following Stormwater Management Standards Met Using Only Nonstructural Strategies and Measures?

Groundwater Recharge Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-2):
Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.5):
Stormwater Runoff Quantity Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-3):

No
No
No

(Yes or No)
(Yes or No)
(Yes or No)

Points Subtotal:

0

Note: If the Answers to All Three Questions at G Above are "Yes", Adequate Nonstructural Measures have been Utilized.

Total Proposed Site Points:

62

Ratio of Proposed to Existing Site Points:

142%

Required Site Points Ratio:

80%

Nonstructural Point System Results:

Proposed Nonstructural Measures are Adequate
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